## REQUIREMENTS FOR ACID LOAD REDUCTIONS IN STUDY AREA STREAMS UNDER VARYING FLOW CONDITIONS IN THE TIOGA RIVER

Through its survey, the Corps found that near the proposed Tioga-Hammond Lake the Tioga River is normally alkaline during high flows but is acid during low flows. The Corps also correlated the acid load originating from AMD discharges in the Study Area streams with the alkaline load contributed by other watershed streams upstream from the proposed Tioga-Hammond Lake under varying stream flow conditions. Through this correlation, the acid load reductions needed in the Study Area under varying stream flow conditions to provide alkaline water in the Tioga Lake were established. The Department of Environmental Resources then stipulated that these reductions must be attained by the abatement plan recommended. The required acid load reductions are shown in Table 1.

ACID INFLOW AND REDUCTIONS REQUIRED FOR VARYING FLOW CONDITIONS OF THE TIOGA RIVER

TABLE 1

8.8 18.5 100.0 333.0 800.0	cfs	Flow C At Tiog
99 95 58 26 10 3	Percent Of Time Exceeded	Flow Condition At Tioga Gauge
4,500 7,200 20,500 52,500 93,700 184,000	Lbs./Day	Estimated Alkalinity Input From Alkaline Tributaries
2.95 4.57 10.05 23.30 45.50 64.70	cfs	Estim Inp Study
16,600 20,400 34,800 45,600 55,700 84,800	Lb <b>s./</b> Day	Estimated Acid Input From Study Area (1)
13,900 16,600 20,800 28,600 28,600 28,600	Lbs./Day	Estimated Acid Input Reduction Required
2,700 3,800 14,000 17,000 27,100 56,200	Lbs./Day	Estimated Acid Input After Reduction

<sup>(1)</sup> Watersheds of Morris Run, Coal Creek, and Bear Creek - Tioga County, Pennsylvania.